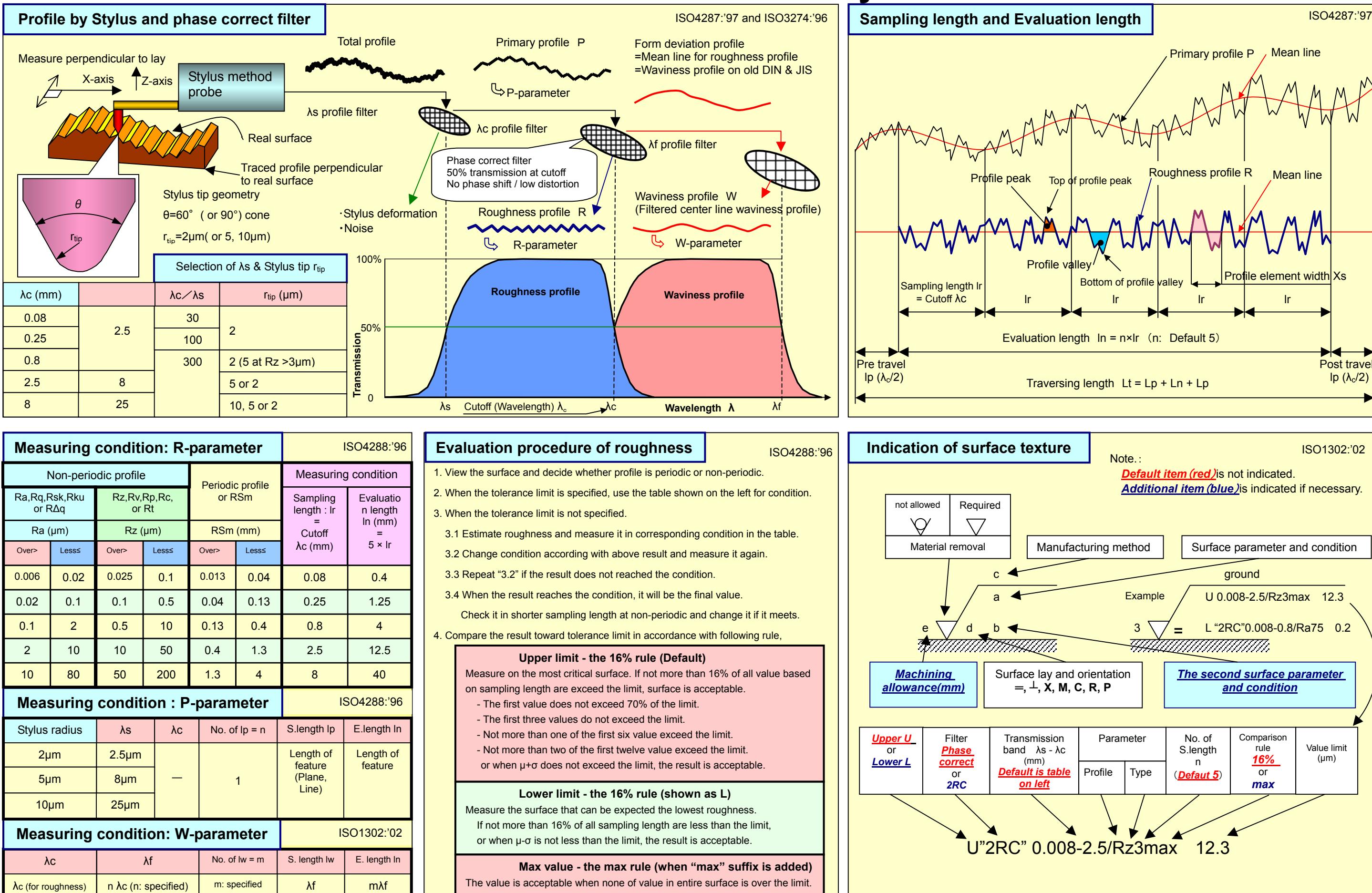


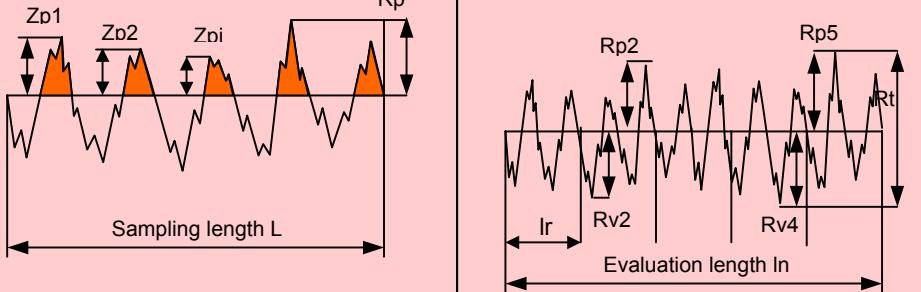
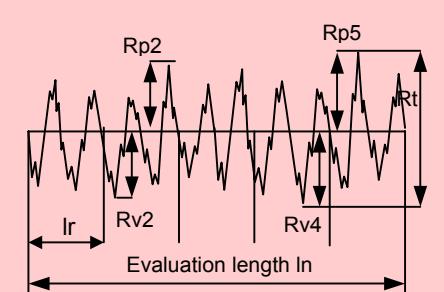
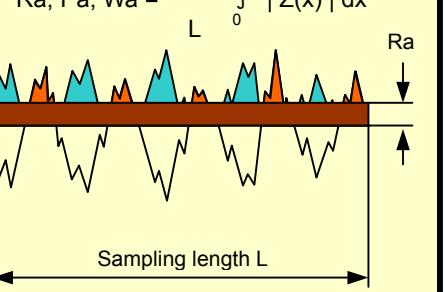
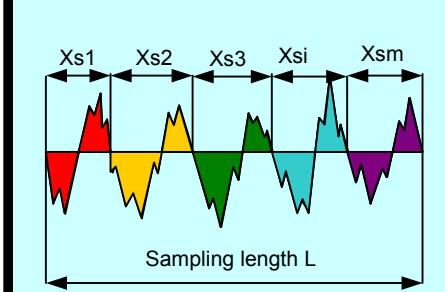
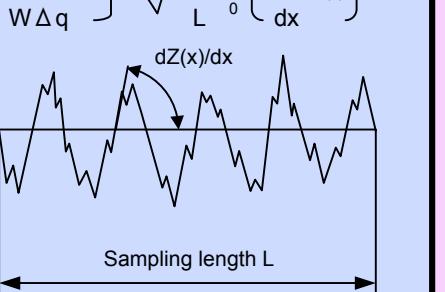
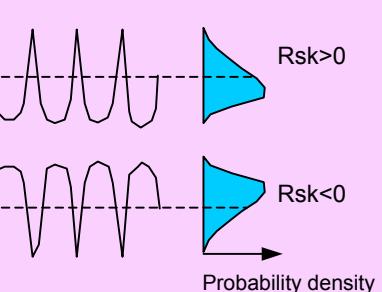
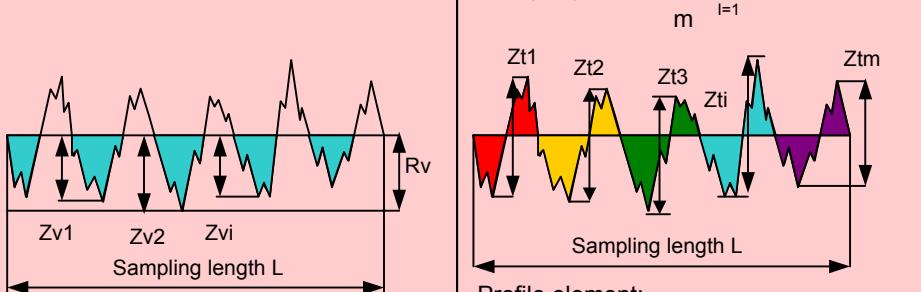
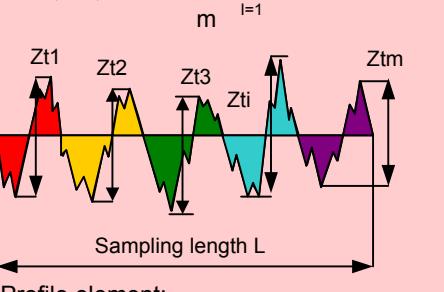
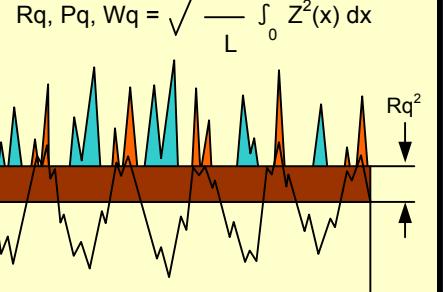
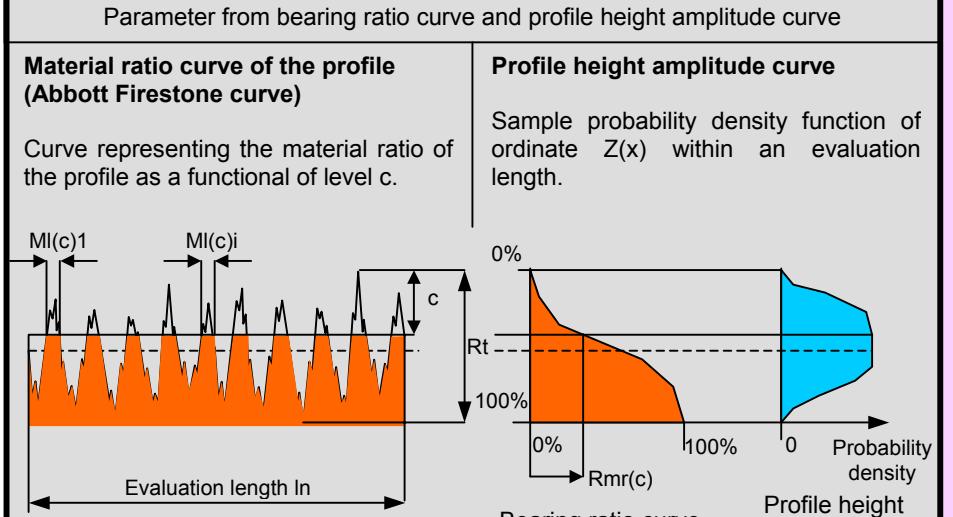
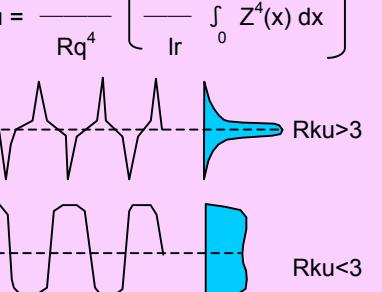
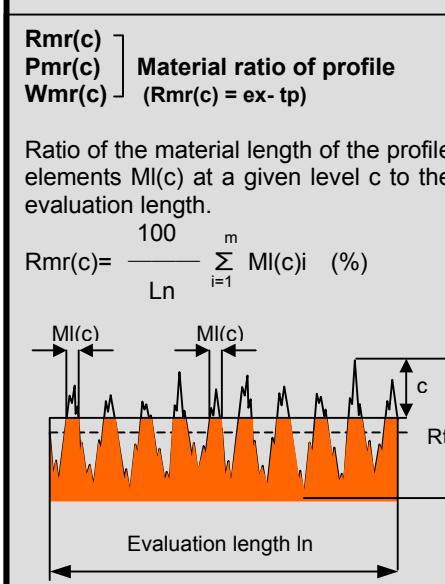
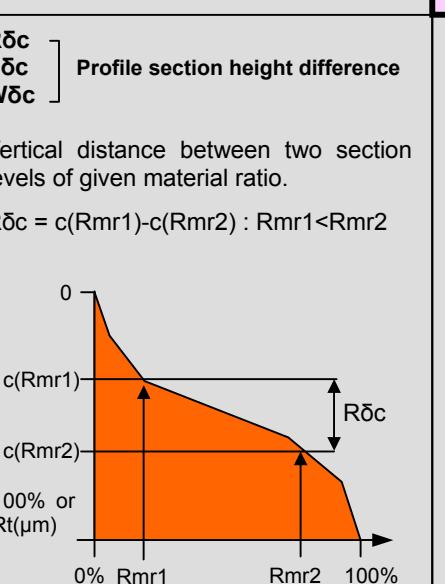
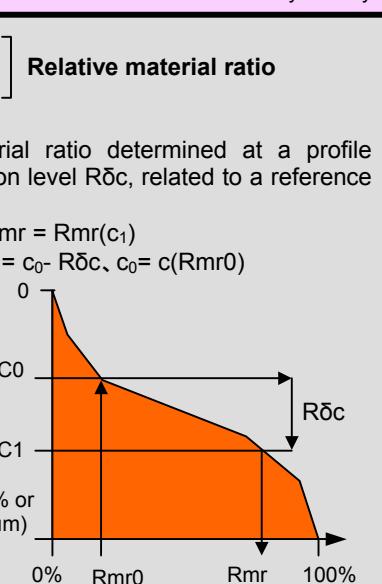
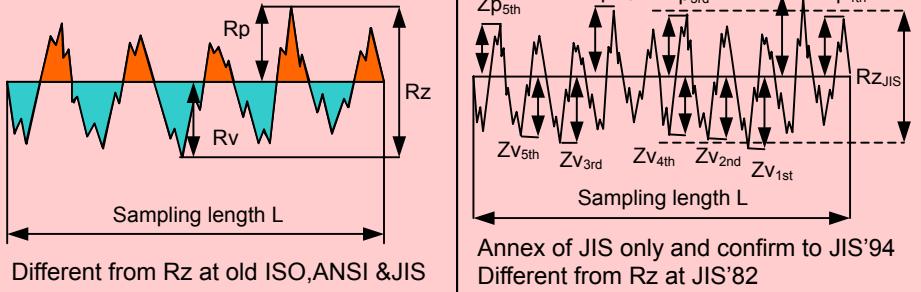
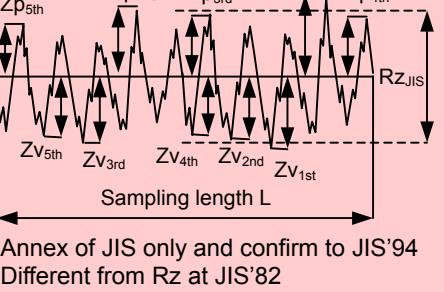
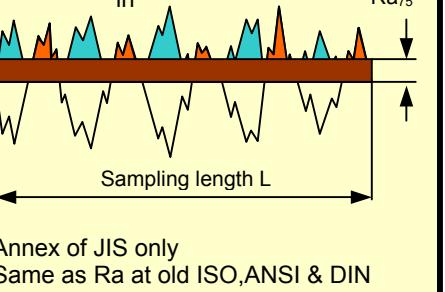
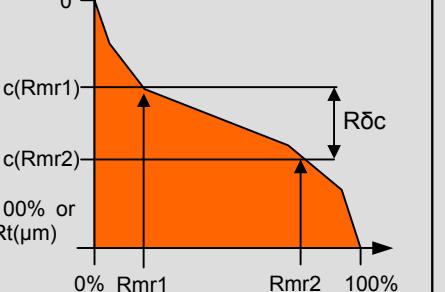
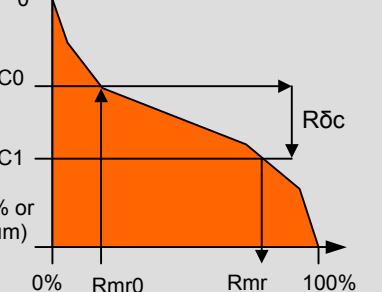
Definition of Surface texture and Stylus instrument

Confirm to ISO'02



Basic surface texture parameters and curves

Confirm to ISO4287:97

Amplitude parameters (peak and valley)		Amplitude average parameters	Spacing parameters	Hybrid parameters	Height characteristic average parameters						
Rp Pp Maximum profile peak height Wp The largest profile peak height Z_p within a sampling length. $Rp, Pp, Wp = \max(Z(x))$ 	Rt Pt Total height of profile Wt ($Pt = R_{max}$ at JIS'82) Sum of height of the largest profile peak height Rp and the largest profile valley Rv within an evaluation length. $Rt, Pt, Wt = \max(Rpi) + \max(Rvi)$ 	Ra Pa Arithmetical mean deviation Wa Arithmetic mean of the absolute ordinate values $Z(x)$ within a sampling length. $Ra, Pa, Wa = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L Z(x) dx$ 	RSm PSm Mean width of the profile elements WSm ($RSm = Sm$ at ISO4287 '84) Mean value of the profile element width Xs within a sampling length. $RSm, PSm, WSm = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m Xsi$ 	RΔq PΔq Root mean square slope WΔq Root mean square value of the ordinate slopes dZ/dx within a sampling length. $RΔq, PΔq, WΔq = \sqrt{\frac{1}{L} \int_0^L \left(\frac{dZ(x)}{dx} \right)^2 dx}$ 	Rsk Psk Skewness Wsk Quotient of mean cube value of the ordinate values $Z(x)$ and cube Pq, Rq, Wq respectively, within a sampling length. $Rsk = \frac{1}{Rq^3} \left[\frac{1}{Ir} \int_0^{Ir} Z^3(x) dx \right]$ 						
Rv Pv Maximum profile valley depth Wv The largest profile valley depth Z_p within a sampling length. $Rv, Pv, Wv = \min(Z(x))$ 	Rc Pc Mean height of profile elements Wc Mean value of the profile element heights Z_t within a sampling length $Rc, Pc, Wc = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m Zti$ 	Rq Pq Root mean square deviation Wq Root mean square value of the ordinate values $Z(x)$ within a sampling length. $Rq, Pq, Wq = \sqrt{\frac{1}{L} \int_0^L Z^2(x) dx}$ 	Parameter from bearing ratio curve and profile height amplitude curve <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Material ratio curve of the profile (Abbott Firestone curve)</td> <td>Profile height amplitude curve</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Curve representing the material ratio of the profile as a functional of level c.</td> <td>Sample probability density function of ordinate $Z(x)$ within an evaluation length.</td> </tr> </table> 	Material ratio curve of the profile (Abbott Firestone curve)	Profile height amplitude curve	Curve representing the material ratio of the profile as a functional of level c.	Sample probability density function of ordinate $Z(x)$ within an evaluation length.	Rku Pku Kurtosis of profile Wku Quotient of mean quartic of the ordinate values $Z(x)$ and 4th power of Pq, Rq, Wq respectively, within a sampling length. $Rku = \frac{1}{Rq^4} \left[\frac{1}{Ir} \int_0^{Ir} Z^4(x) dx \right]$ 	Rmr(c) Pmr(c) Material ratio of profile Wmr(c) ($Rmr(c) = ex - tp$) Ratio of the material length of the profile elements $MI(c)$ at a given level c to the evaluation length. $Rmr(c) = \frac{100}{Ln} \sum_{i=1}^m MI(c)i (\%)$ 	R̄c P̄c Profile section height difference W̄c Vertical distance between two section levels of given material ratio. $R̄c = c(Rmr1) - c(Rmr2) : Rmr1 < Rmr2$ 	Rmr Pmr Relative material ratio Wmr Material ratio determined at a profile section level $R̄c$, related to a reference C_0 $Rmr = Rmr(c_1)$ $c_1 = c_0 - R̄c$, $c_0 = c(Rmr0)$ 
Material ratio curve of the profile (Abbott Firestone curve)	Profile height amplitude curve										
Curve representing the material ratio of the profile as a functional of level c.	Sample probability density function of ordinate $Z(x)$ within an evaluation length.										
Rz Pz Maximum height of profile Wz ($Rz = Ry$ at ISO4287 '84) Sum of height of the largest profile peak height Rp and the largest profile valley Rv within a sampling length. $Rz = Rp + Rv$ 	Rz_{JIS} Ten point height of roughness profile (Rz at JIS'94) Sum of mean value of largest peak to the fifth largest peak and mean value of largest valley to the fifth largest valley within a sampling length. $Rz_{JIS} = \frac{1}{5} \sum_{j=1}^5 (Z_{pj} + Z_{vj})$ 	R₇₅ Center line average (Old Ra, AA, CLA) Arithmetic mean of the absolute value $Z(x)$ in a sampling length of roughness profile with 2RC filter of 75% transmission. $R_{75} = \frac{1}{In} \int_0^{In} Z(x) dx$ 	R̄c P̄c Profile section height difference W̄c Vertical distance between two section levels of given material ratio. $R̄c = c(Rmr1) - c(Rmr2) : Rmr1 < Rmr2$ 	Rmr Pmr Relative material ratio Wmr Material ratio determined at a profile section level $R̄c$, related to a reference C_0 $Rmr = Rmr(c_1)$ $c_1 = c_0 - R̄c$, $c_0 = c(Rmr0)$ 							
Annex of JIS only and confirm to JIS'94 Different from Rz at old ISO, ANSI & JIS		Annex of JIS only Same as Ra at old ISO, ANSI & DIN									

Expanded surface texture parameters and curves

Confirm to ISO4287:96, ISO12085:96
& ISO13565-1:96 / -2:96 / -3:98

Traditional local parameters	Parameters of surfaces having stratified functional properties ISO13565's
<p>RmaxDIN: Maximum peak to valley height RzDIN: Average peak to valley height</p> <p>Zi is the maximum Peak to valley height of a sampling length Ir. RmaxDIN is the maximum Zi of 5 adjoining sampling length Ir in an evaluation length In. RzDIN is arithmetic mean of 5 Zi.</p> $RzDIN = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n Zi$ <p>German old standard DIN4768/1:90</p>	<p>Filtering process of ISO13565-1:96 Calculate mean line 1 from a primary profile with phase correct filter.</p> <p>Measuring condition of ISO13565-1 Cutoff value λc Evaluation length In 0.8mm 4 mm 2.5mm 12.5mm</p> <p>40% length secant of smallest gradient separate the material ratio curve into core area & projected areas. Calculate Rpk & Rvk with equivalent triangles of projected areas.</p> <p>Calculate profile 2 with cutting valley lower than mean line 1.</p> <p>Calculate mean line 3 from profile 2 with phase correct filter.</p> <p>Calculate roughness profile 4 by taking mean line 3 off from a primary profile.</p>
<p>R3z: Base roughness depth</p> <p>3Zi is the height of the 3rd height peak from the 3rd depth valley in a sampling length Ir.</p> <p>R3z is arithmetic mean of 3Zi's of 5 sampling lengths in an evaluation length In.</p> $R3z = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n 3zi$	<p>Height characterization using the linear material ratio curve ISO13565-2:96</p> <p>Rk: core roughness depth: Depth of the roughness core profile Rpk: reduced peak height: Average height of protruding peaks above roughness core profile. Rvk: reduced valley depths: Average depth of valleys projecting through roughness core profile.</p> <p>Mr1: material portion 1: Level in %, determined for the intersection line which separates the protruding peaks from the roughness core profile. Mr2: material portion 2: Level in %, determined for the intersection line which separates the deep valleys from the roughness core profile.</p>
<p>Pc Peak density /cm: ASME B46.1:95 PPI Peaks per inch: SAEJ911 HSC High spot count</p> <p>Pc is the number of peaks counted when a profile intersects a lower boundary line -H and an upper line +H per unit length 1 cm. PPI shows Pc in 1 inch (25.4mm) unit length. HSC shows the number of peaks when the lower boundary level is equal to zero.</p>	<p>Height characterization using the material probability curve of ISO13565-3</p> <p>Draw a material ratio curve on normal probability paper from the roughness profile 4 (primary profile) of an evaluation length.</p> <p>Separate the material probability curve to 2 area, upper plateau area and lower valley area.</p> <p>Rpq (Ppq) parameter: slope of a linear regression performed through the plateau region. Rvq (Pvq) parameter: slope of a linear regression performed through the valley region. Rmq (Pmq) parameter: relative material ratio at the plateau to valley intersection.</p>

Motif parameters of ISO12085:96	Hint of surface texture measurement																				
<p>Motif: A portion of the primary profile between the highest points of two local peaks of the profile, which are not necessarily adjacent.</p> <p>Measuring condition</p> <p>Default A=0.5mm, B=2.5mm, In=16mm</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A(mm)</th><th>B(mm)</th><th>In (mm)</th><th>λs (μm)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.02</td><td>0.1</td><td>0.64</td><td>2.5</td></tr> <tr> <td>0.1</td><td>0.5</td><td>3.2</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>0.5</td><td>2.5</td><td>16</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr> <td>2.5</td><td>12.5</td><td>80</td><td>25</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Motif depths Hj & Hj+1: Depth measured perpendicular to the general direction of the primary profile.</p> <p>Motif length Ari or Awj: Length measured parallel to the general direction of the profile.</p> <p>local peak of profile</p> <p>Waviness motif</p> <p>$\sqrt{\lambda s - A / In / R \text{ parameter}} \text{ limit value}$</p> <p>Waviness motif</p> <p>$\sqrt{A - B / In / W \text{ parameter}} \text{ limit value}$</p> <p>(default value need not to be indicated)</p>	A(mm)	B(mm)	In (mm)	λs (μm)	0.02	0.1	0.64	2.5	0.1	0.5	3.2		0.5	2.5	16	8	2.5	12.5	80	25	<p>Roughness parameter conversion The parameter ratio Ra/Rz (R_{max}/R_y) = 0.25 is applicable only to triangle profile. Actual profiles have different parameter ratios according to the form of profile.</p>
A(mm)	B(mm)	In (mm)	λs (μm)																		
0.02	0.1	0.64	2.5																		
0.1	0.5	3.2																			
0.5	2.5	16	8																		
2.5	12.5	80	25																		
<p>Roughness motif: Motif derived by using the ideal operator with limit value A.</p> <p>Limit value A: Maximum length of roughness motif to separate waviness motif.</p> <p>Upper envelope line of the primary profile (Waviness profile): Straight lines joining the highest points of peaks of the primary profile, after conventional discrimination of peaks.</p> <p>AR: Mean spacing of roughness motifs: The arithmetical mean value of the lengths ARi of roughness motifs, within the evaluation length, i.e.</p> $AR = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n AR_i \quad (n: \text{Total number of roughness motifs})$ <p>R: Mean depth of roughness motifs: The arithmetical mean value of the depths Hj of roughness motifs, within the evaluation length, i.e.</p> $R = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{j=1}^m H_j \quad m=2n$ <p>Rx: Maximum depth of roughness motifs: The maximum value of the depths Hj of roughness motifs, within the evaluation length.</p>	<p>Display aspect ratio & Stylus fall depth in valley Roughness profile usually displayed as much magnified height deviations than wavelength. Displayed valley looks sharp but actually wide. Stylus can contact to bottom of valley. Depth error ε with stylus unable to contact on triangle valley is; $\epsilon = r_{tip}(1/\cos\theta - 1)$ $\theta < 15^\circ$, or $H/L = 0.1-0.01$ on machined surface.</p>																				
<p>Waviness motif: Motif derived on upper envelope line by using ideal operator with limit value B.</p> <p>Limit value B: Maximum length of waviness motif</p> <p>AW: Mean spacing of waviness motifs: The arithmetical mean value of the lengths Awj of waviness motifs, within the evaluation length, i.e.</p> $AW = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n Aw_i \quad (n: \text{Total number of waviness motifs})$ <p>W: mean depth of waviness motifs: The arithmetical mean value of the depths HWj of waviness motifs, within the evaluation length, i.e.</p> $W = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{j=1}^m HW_j \quad m=2n$ <p>Wx: Maximum depth of waviness: The largest depth HWj, within the evaluation length.</p> <p>Wte: Total depth of waviness: Distance between the highest point and the lowest point of waviness profile.</p>	<p>Profile distortion with cutoff Roughness profile will have bigger profile distortion & smaller amplitude when cutoff λc is short.</p> <p>Primary profile P</p>																				



Comparison of national standards of surface texture measurement

Specification		ID. of national standard country	JIS B0601-'82 JIS B0031-'82 former Japan	ANSI B46.1-'85 former U.S.A.	NF E05-015('84) NF E05-016('78) NF E05-017('72) former France	ISO468-'82 ISO4287/1-'84 ISO4288-'85 ISO1302-'78 former ISO
Primary profile P		Profile format	Analog signal without filtering	Analog signal with low pass filtering	Analog signal without filtering	Analog signal without filtering
P profile parameter	Evaluation length	1 sampling length 0.25,0.8,2.5,8,&25	—	not defined	—	—
	Maximum height	Rmax(S indication)	—	Pt	—	—
P profile parameter	Ten point height	Rz (Z indication)	—	—	—	—
	Other P parameters	—	—	Pp, Pa, (Tp)c,	—	—
	Motif parameters	—	—	R, AR, Kr, W, W'max, W't, AW, Kw	—	—
	Indication of maximum height <1.5µm	Rmax=1.6 Rmax=0.8	—	Pt 0.8 - 1.6	—	—
Roughness profile R		Unit of height	µm	µm or µin.	µm	µm
		Unit of length	mm	mm or in.	mm	mm
		Filter	2RC	2RC	2RC	2RC
		Long cutoff	λc	λB	λc	λc
		Short cutoff	—	cutoff value 2.5µm	—	—
		Sampling length	L=3 x λc or over	L:1.3-5mm@λB 0.25	I	I
		Evaluation length	TL=L=3 x λc or over	L:2.4-8mm@λB 0.8 L:5-15mm @λB 2.5	L = n x I	In = n x I
R profile parameter		Maximum height	—	Peak-to-Valley Height (Rmax,Ry)	Ry	Ry
		Maximum peak to valley height	—	—	Rmax	Rymax
		Ten point height	—	(Rz)	Rz	Rz
		Average peak to valley height	—	—	—	Ry5
		Other peak height parameters	—	(Rp)	Rp	Rp, Rpmax, Rp5, Rm, Rc
Ir & λc for peak height parameter	0.25mm	R _{max} , Rz ≤ 0.8µm	—	not defined	0,1<Rz,Ry ≤ 0,5µm	—
	0.8mm	0.8<R _{max} ,Rz ≤ 6.3µm	—	not defined	0,5<Rz,Ry ≤ 10µm	—
	2.5mm	6.3<R _{max} ,Rz ≤ 25µm	—	not defined	10<Rz,Ry ≤ 50µm	—
Indication of Maximum height in case of Rz<1.5µm		—	—	Rmax 1.6	Ry = 1.6	—
R profile averaging parameter	Arithmetic average	Ra (a indication)	Ra	Ra	Ra	Ra
	root mean square	—	(Rq)	Rq	Rq	Rq
	Skewness, kurtosis	—	(Skewness,Kurtosis)	Sk, Ek	Sk	Rsk, Rku
Ir & λc for Ra on non-periodic profile	0.25mm	optional	0.0063<Sm≤0.05µm	not defined	0,02< Ra ≤ 0,1µm	0,02< Ra ≤ 0,1µm
	0.8mm	Ra ≤ 12.5µm	0.02 <Sm≤0.16µm	not defined	0,1< Ra ≤ 2µm	0,1 < Ra ≤ 2µm
	2.5mm	12.5<Ra≤100µm	0.063<Sm≤ 0.5µm	not defined	2 < Ra ≤ 10µm	2 < Ra ≤ 10µm
Indication of Ra in case of 1.5<Ra<3.1µm		3.2 1.6	125 63	Ra 1.6 - 3.2	3.2 1.6 N8 N7	3.2 1.6 N8 N7 U"2RC" -0.8/Ra75 3.1 L"2RC" -0.8/Ra75 1.5
R profile other parameter	Mean spacing	—	Roughness spacing	Sm	Sm	RSm
	RMS slope	—	—	Δq	Δq	RΔq
	material ratio	—	(tp)	—	tp	Rmr(c)
	Other parameters	—	(Peak count Pc)	S, Δa, λa, λq, Lo, D	Htp, Δa, SAE Peak PPI, Peak density Pc	R _{oc} , R _{mr} , R _p , R _{vk} , R _k , Mr1, Mr2, R _{pq} , R _{vq} , R _{mq}
Comparison rule of measured value with tolerance limits		Average	average value of all sampling lengths	average value of all sampling lengths	not defined	average value of all sampling lengths
		16% rule	—	—	16% rule default	16% rule default
		Maximum rule	—	not defined	Max rule for parameter with suffix "max"	Max rule for parameter with suffix "max"

BS1134 part 1-'88 BS1134 part 2-'90	DIN4768-'90 DIN4771-'77 DIN4775-'82 DIN4776-'90 DIN4777-'90	JIS B0601-'94 JIS B0031-'94	ASME B46.1-'95	ISO4287-'97 (JISB0601-'01) ISO4288-'96 (JISB0633-'01) ISO12085-'96 (JISB0631-'00) ISO13565's, (JISB0671's) ISO1302-'02
former U.K.	former Germany	former Japan	U.S.A.	EU, U.K. & Japan
Analog signal without filtering	Digital data without filtering	Digital data without filtering	Digital data with λs filter	Digital data with λs filter
—	0,5, 1,5, 5, 15 & 50mm	—	—	= 1 sampling length = Length of the measured feature
—	Pt	—	—	Pt, Pz(Pt)
—	—	—	—	Pp,Pv,Pc,Pa,Pq,Psk,Pku,PSm, PΔq,Pmr(c),Pōc,Pmr,Ppq,Pvq,Pmq
—	—	—	—	R, AR, Rx, W, AW, Wx, Wte
—	15 / Pt 1.6	—	—	
µm (µin)	µm	µm	µm (or µin.)	µm
mm(inch)	mm	mm	mm (or in.)	mm
2RC	Phase correct	Phase correct	Phase correct(or 2RC)	Phase correct
λB	λc	λc	λc	λc
lr	lc	lr	Cutoff length : l	lr
le = 5 x lr	5 x lc	le = 5 x lr	L = 5 x l	le = 5 x lr Calculate for each sampling length lr
—	Rt	Maximum height Ry in 1 lr	Rt	Maximum height Rz in 1 lr or total height Rt in 1 le
Ry	Maximum two point height Rmax	—	Rmax	Rz max
Rz	—	Ten point height Rz	—	—
—	Ten point height Rz	Maximum height Ry	Rz	Average method Rz
—	—	—	Rp, Rpmax, Rp5, Rm, Rc	Rp, Rv, Rc
0,1< Rz ≤ 0,5µm	0,1< Rz ≤ 0,5µm	0,1< Rz, Ry ≤ 0,5µm	0,02< Ra ≤ 0,1µm	0,1< Rz ≤ 0,5µm
0,5< Rz ≤10µm	0,5< Rz ≤10µm	0,5< Rz, Ry ≤10µm	0,1 < Ra ≤ 2µm	0,5< Rz ≤ 10µm
10< Rz ≤50µm	10< Rz ≤50µm	10< Rz, Ry ≤50µm	2 < Ra ≤ 10µm	10 < Rz ≤ 50µm
Ra	Ra	Ra	Ra	Ra
—	—	—	Rq	Rq
—	—	—	Rsk, Rku	Rsk, Rku
0,02< Ra ≤ 0,1µm	0,02< Ra ≤ 0,1µm	0,02< Ra ≤ 0,1µm	0,02 < Ra ≤ 0,1µm	0,02 < Ra ≤ 0,1µm
0,1< Ra ≤ 2µm	0,1< Ra ≤ 2µm	0,1< Ra ≤ 2µm	0,1 < Ra ≤ 2µm	0,1 < Ra ≤ 2µm
2 < Ra ≤ 10µm	2 < Ra ≤ 10µm	2 < Ra ≤ 10µm	2 < Ra ≤ 10µm	2 < Ra ≤ 10µm
Sm	—	Sm	Sm	RSm
—	—	—	Δq	RΔq
tp	—	tp	tp	Rmr(c)
S	—	S	Htp, Δa, SAE Peak PPI, Peak density Pc	R _{oc} , R _{mr} , R _p , R _{vk} , R _k , Mr1, Mr2, R _{pq} , R _{vq} , R _{mq}
—	—	average value of all sampling lengths	not defined	average value of all sampling lengths
16% rule	16% rule for Ra, Rz	—	not defined	16% rule default
Max rule for parameter with suffix "max"	Max rule for Rmax	—	not defined	Max rule for parameter with suffix "max"

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